## Session 5.2

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## Recap of last time

1. Rectangle: key dimensions are length and width
(a) Area $=$ Length $*$ Width
(b) Perimeter $=2 *$ Length $+2 *$ Width
(c) Dimensions are normally shown as length $\times$ width
2. Right triangle: key dimensions are length and width
(a) Area $=\frac{\text { Length } * \text { Width }}{2}=\frac{1}{2} *$ Length $*$ Width
3. Circle: key dimension is the radius
(a) Diameter $=2 *$ Radius
(b) Area $=(\text { Radius })^{2} * \pi$
(c) Perimeter $=2 *$ Radius $* \pi=$ Diameter $* \pi$
4. Area is in terms of units ${ }^{2}$, such as $c m^{2}, i n^{2}, f t^{2}$, etc.
5. Volume is in terms of units ${ }^{3}$, such as $c m^{3}, i n^{3}, f t^{3}$, etc.
6. Leaving a number "in terms of $\pi$ " means to leave it as $9 * \pi$ instead of $9 * \pi \approx 9 * 3.14=28.26$
7. Outer area - inner area $=$ border area

## Main problems

1. Suppose we have a red circle with radius $6 "$ and we color in a white inner circle of radius $4 "$. What is the area that is left red (outer ring)?
2. Consider one $6 " \times 8$ " small rectangle and one $9 " \times 10$ " larger rectangle. What is the ratio of the smaller rectangle's area to the larger rectangle's area?
3. Consider one $12 " \times 5 "$ short rectangle and one $18 " \times 5 "$ long rectangle. What is the ratio of the shorter rectangle's area to the longer rectangle's area?
4. What is the ratio of the area of a circle with radius 5 " to one with radius $10 "$ ?

5 . What is the ratio of the area of a circle with radius 3 " to one with radius 6 "?
6. What is the ratio of the area of a circle with radius $3 "$ to one with radius $9 "$ ?
7. What is the relationship you see when the radius is double $(\times 2)$ ? What do you see when the radius is triple $(\times 3)$ ? What would you guess for quadruple $(\times 4)$ ?
8. Consider two squares where the ratio of their areas is $4: 9$. If the smaller square has side length 6 , then what are the dimensions of the larger square?
9. Consider a $4 \times 7$ square small table and a larger table of unknown dimensions. We know that the ratio of the small table's area to the large table's area is $1: 4$. What is the area of the larger square table? What are some possible dimensions?
10. Consider two circles where the ratio of their areas is $1: 4$. If the radius of the smaller circle is 4 ", what is the radius of the larger circle?
11. Suppose there are two concentric circles, where the inside one is white, and the outer one is red (which leaves a red border). If the radii are $4 "$ and $6 "$, what fraction of the area is red? What if the radii are 2 " and $5 "$ ?
12. In the previous problem, what fraction of the area is white?
13. Consider two concentric squares: outside red, and inside white, leaving a red border. If we wanted $1 / 4$ of the full area to be white, and the inner square has side length 3 ", what should we make the dimensions of the squares?
14. Consider the previous problem, but now we want $1 / 9$ of the full area to be white. What are some possible values for both radii?
15. At a restaurant a small burger costs $\$ 9$ and a large burger costs $\$ 16$. Assuming no discounts and equal heights of the circular burger patties, if the small patty has area $12 \pi$, what would you expect to be the area of the larger patty?
16. Suppose the target logo has three concentric circles, with diameters of length 2,4 , and 6 centimeters, respectively. What fraction of the area is red?

## Extra problems

1. Problems from 2010 AMC 8
